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ABSTRACT

To guide districts through the process of creating workable technology plans, the Massachusetts Department of Education developed a set of benchmark standards that can be viewed as goals for districts to achieve by the year 2003. Based on findings from the most recent "Tech Plan Updates," the Department's online data collection system, this report tracks progress over the past four years and presents the state's current position in relation to the benchmark standards. The report is divided into the following sections: "Commitment to a Clear Vision," "Access," "Infrastructure for Connectivity," "Technical Support," "Technology Curriculum Integration," "Technology Professional Development," "Access to the Internet Outside the School Day," and "Technology for All Students." District statistics from Tech Plan Updates are discussed and given in a table at the end of the document, and include: student computer ratios, classrooms connected to the Internet, number of computers per 1 FTE technical support specialist, and number of staff per 0.5 curriculum integration. (AEF)





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Department of Education

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EdTech 2000

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Introduction

Among the sweeping changes brought forth by the Massachusetts Education Reform Act of 1993 has been the expanding role of information technology in our public schools. With the growth of emerging technologies, and especially the Internet, technology's potential uses in the field of education have exceeded our wildest expectations. Since 1993, our public schools have increased spending on information technology from \$30 million to over \$200 million a year.

In working with districts to implement a state technology plan, the Massachusetts Department of Education has remained constant in its three goals. Those are to:

- •enhance learning opportunities for all students;
- •strengthen teachers' professional capabilities; and
- •improve administrative efficiency.

Together we have achieved much. This year we are near completion of our statewide Information Management System (IMS). This Web-based data collection system has replaced more than 250,000 pieces of paper which districts previously had to file with the state each year. This system will provide, in a timely fashion, centralized information on all educators and students in the state. Districts can use this information to track student achievement and program results.

Launched this year is the first phase of Virtual Education Space (VES)¹, a publicly owned architecture for a K-12 e-learning system. VES will provide every public K-12 educator, student, and parent in Massachusetts with a free personalized electronic workspace. This workspace will function as a virtual desktop/hard drive and can be used to organize access to a set of curriculum, instruction, assessment, and communication tools. Accessible from any computer with a Web browser, VES will link teachers, students, and parents with a wide array of educational resources, including collections of standards-based lesson plans, online courses, and collaborative tools.

Just as technology has brought tremendous productivity gains to the business world, statewide technology-based systems such as VES and IMS have the potential to improve many aspects of our state's public education system. However, before we see the benefits of technology, there are a number of conditions that must be in place in every district:

- •A local technology plan with a commitment to a clear vision and mission
- •Ample access to fully-functioning computers
- •High-speed connections to the Internet
- •Adequate technical support
- •Sufficient support for teachers in their efforts to integrate technology into the curriculum
- •High quality technology professional development

¹ For more information on VES, visit the Web site, http://www.doe.mass.edu/edtech/ves



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- •Access to the Internet outside the school day
- •Access to technology and curriculum for all students, regardless of abilities

School districts are responsible for creating and sustaining these conditions. The role of the Massachusetts Department of Education is to facilitate statewide initiatives and programs to help every district implement technology.

To guide districts through the process of creating workable technology plans, the Department has developed a set of benchmark standards². These benchmark standards can be viewed as goals for districts to achieve by the year 2003. While many districts have already surpassed some of the benchmark standards, too many districts are still lagging behind. The Department's intent is to assist districts in meeting these standards within the next three years.

EdTech Updated 2000 is structured around the benchmark standards. Based on findings from the most recent Tech Plan Updates, our online data collection system, this report tracks our progress over the past four years and presents the state's current position in relation to the benchmark standards.

Commitment to a Clear Vision

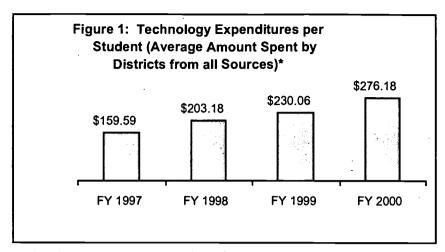
To ensure that technology is implemented in ways that best align with local and state learning standards, each district needs a technology plan with a realistic and clearly stated set of goals. An important part of that technology plan is the district's commitment to sustained funding for technology through its operational budget.

It is difficult to say how much should be spent. The level of technology spending varies among districts, depending on many factors. Some districts are in an early stage of technology implementation, investing large amounts in hardware and network installations, while others may be focussing on professional development. In view of the wide range of spending by individual districts, the statewide trend has been moving steadily upward. Figure 1 shows statewide averages of technology expenditures based on district reporting over the past four years. Figure 2 shows the percentage of districts that fall into various spending ranges. The majority of districts spent more than \$200 per student.

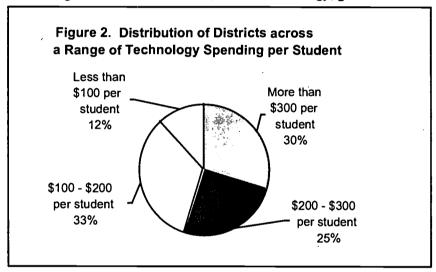
² <u>Local Technology Plan Benchmark Standards for the Year 2003.</u> The complete document can be downloaded in PDF format at http://www.doe.mass.edu/edtech/broad/sixstandards.pdf



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* Includes funding from school committee, bonded technology, grants and other sources



State and federal resources are available to provide seed funding and incentives to help districts jumpstart their technology programs. Over the long haul, however, each district needs to build and maintain its own technology infrastructure.

The following programs are designed to make technology more affordable for schools:

- •The federal E-rate program provides substantial savings to schools and libraries on their telecommunications purchases.³
- •Educational Technology Integration Services (ETIS) is a program, first launched in 1997, that helps public schools and libraries procure technology hardware and telecom services cost-effectively.⁴

³ The DOE has contracted with an independent, nonprofit organization, Mass Networks Education Partnership, Inc., to disseminate information on, and provide support for, the E-Rate. For information, visit the MassNetworks Website at http://www.massnetworks.org/



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Access

If students are to use technology in ways that enhance their learning, they should not have to wait long periods for a turn at the computer. If we invite high school students to use the Internet for a research project, we should provide them with updated computers and connections that have the capability of quickly displaying graphics and streaming data. In order for teachers to use their VES workspace productively, they too need access to high-speed, Internet-enabled computers.

The Department of Education recommends that, by the year 2003, every district achieve at least a 5:1 student-to-computer ratio of modern, fully functioning, Internet-enabled computers and devices. In determining this benchmark standard, the Department reviewed nationwide research. There is a general consensus among experts that a ratio of 4 or 5 students per high-speed computer is the minimum requirement for successful use of technology in schools.⁵

Based on data collected from the *Tech Plan Updates* ⁶ Massachusetts now has an average of 5.6 students per high-speed computer (see Figure 3). These are multimedia computers with CD-ROM and Internet capability using an up-to-date browser. ⁷ Approximately 36% of the districts have surpassed the ratio of 5:1 for these types of computers; a number of these districts have a 2:1 or 3:1 ratio.

Each year the specifications for computers that qualify as Type A and Type B are upgraded to account for new and faster processors. If a district has already reached the ratio of 5:1 for these types of computers, and does not allow for continuous upgrades, its student-to-computer ratio will fall below the benchmark standard, putting students at a disadvantage.

The district statistics listed at the end of this report show the ratio of students per Types A and B computer for each district. That ratio was drawn from the inventory of instructional computers reported on the school profiles of the *Tech Plan Updates*. For those districts that did not submit their *Tech Plan Updates* in the spring or fall of 2000, the data submitted the previous year was used.



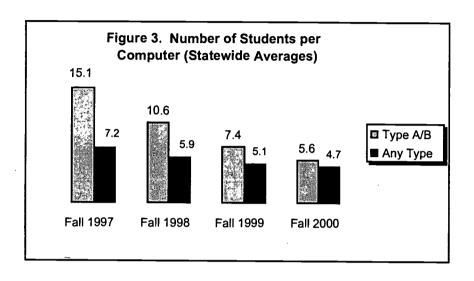
⁴ For more information on ETIS, visit the Website: http://www.doe.mass.edu/etis/

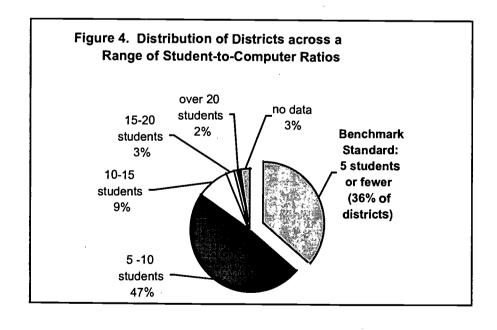
⁵ In 1994, when the U.S. DOE first established its goals for educational technology, 5:1 was the suggested ratio. For more information, see http://www.ed.gov/Technology/pillar1.html

⁶ 96% of districts submitted their tech plan updates in Spring and/or Fall 2000. This ratio is based on data provided by those districts as well as data provided in 1999 districts that did not update in 2000.

⁷ "Modern, fully-functioning, Internet-enabled computers and devices" are those defined in categories A and B of the Computer Workstation Inventory on the Tech Plan Update forms. During the period we collected these data, Type A represented processors having at least 32-64 Meg RAM, with either Windows 95/98 or Mac Os8.x operating system. The Type B processor was defined as having at least 16-32 Meg RAM and the operating system Windows 95/98, Mac OS 7.6 or more recent versions. Type C computers were those with 8-16 Meg RAM and either Windows 3.1 or Mac OS 7.0 operating systems (or earlier versions).

The statewide average of students per high-speed computer is very near our benchmark standard of 5:1. In fact, many districts have surpassed that ratio and are providing superior access for their students. However, as seen in Figure 3, almost two-thirds of the districts continue to show ratios of more than 5 students per computer. If these districts take full advantage of the cost-savings offered by ETIS and the E-Rate program, they too will be able to provide a lower student-to-computer ratio.







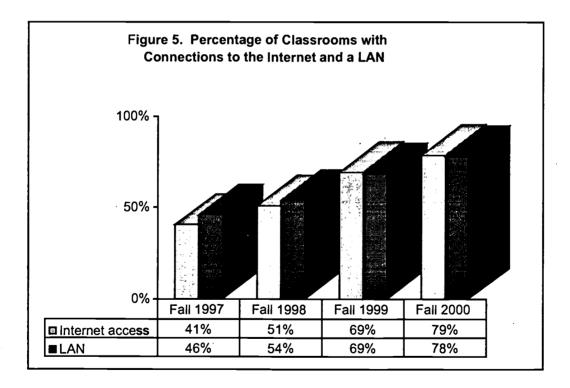
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Infrastructure for Connectivity

In our interconnected world of e-commerce and e-government, educators now speak of "e-learning." As more and more schools provide their students with classroom experiences using the Internet, it becomes increasingly important for all schools to do so. All students in Massachusetts should have equitable opportunities to develop technology skills that will help them compete in the workplace.

As one of the benchmark standards, the Department recommends that every classroom and administrative office have at least one computer with a high-speed connection to the Internet by the year 2003.

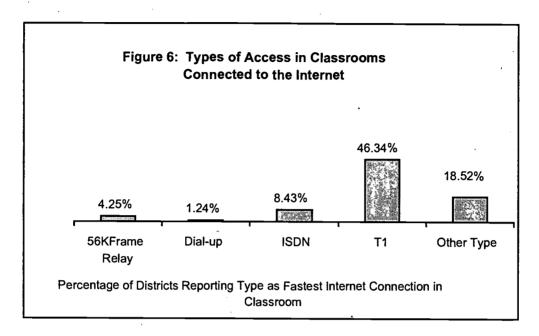
The most recent data collected from schools throughout the state reveal that 79% of classrooms in the state have some type of Internet access. As shown in Figure 5, this percentage has steadily increased over the past four years indicating that Massachusetts is moving steadily toward the goal of 100% connectivity.



However, it is the speed and quality of Internet access that is critical. Most would agree that a dial-up modem, connecting at 56Kbps, is inadequate in this age of streaming video, animated



Web pages, and rich multimedia content. Broadband access, with a data transfer rate of 1.544Mbps (the speed achieved via a T-1 line and other methods) is currently considered the standard for optimum use of the Internet. Figure 6 shows the types of access that were reported by schools as the fastest connection in classrooms that are connected to the Internet.



56K Frame Relay is a packet-switching protocol mainly used for connecting devices on a Wide Area Network (WAN). These frame relay networks support data transfer rates at speeds comparable to T-1 (1.5 Mbps) and T-3 (45 Mbps). Frame relay allows districts to utilize existing T-1 and T-3 lines owned by an Internet service provider even if the schools are connecting with 56K modems.

Dial-up refers to a modem connection via a public telephone line. Dial-up access is similar to a phone connection, with the exception that data, rather than voice, is being exchanged. Because this type of access uses normal telephone lines, the quality of the connection is sometimes poor and data transmission rates can be slow. Traditionally, 56K was the fastest speed that could be obtained with a dial-up modem. Now it is possible to gain better quality and faster throughput by leasing a line, which provides a permanent connection between two computers or devices, or by using ISDN.

ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) is an international communications standard for sending voice, video, and data over digital telephone lines or conventional telephone wires. ISDN supports data transfer rates of 64 Kbps. However, by using two lines at once that rate can be doubled.

T-1 is a dedicated connection supporting data rates of 1.544 Mbits per second. T-1 is currently considered the state-of-the-art for districts planning to wire their buildings for Internet access. A T-1 line actually consists of multiple channels, each of which can be configured to carry voice or data.

Other Types_ of access include broadband service through a cable modem and DSL lines. Cable modem was listed most frequently by districts in the *Tech Plan Update*.



Districts were not asked to report the number of Internet connections in each classroom, but rather, the fastest connection. Although the benchmark standard recommends that every classroom have at least one computer connected to the Internet, many believe that just one connection is inadequate if Internet-based activities are to have a positive impact on learning. The benchmark standard for computer access (5:1 ratio of students per "modern, fully functioning, Internet-enabled computers and devices") in effect serves as a standard for Internet connectivity. Forward-thinking districts, in their plans to wire schools for Internet access, are providing multiple active drops in each classroom. They are planning ahead for the day when the Internet is such an integral education tool that even a 5:1 ratio is no longer considered workable.

For many districts the federal E-Rate program and ETIS have helped reduce costs of providing high-speed connections in classrooms. During 1999-2000, 62% of the districts reported using E-Rate. Seventy-eight percent of the districts used ETIS for hardware and telecom services. MassEd.net, the state's low-cost Internet access service for educators, currently serves over 25,000 teachers statewide, and 22% of the districts report that they are providing this service for their teachers. MCN (Massachusetts Community Network), funded by the state, connects schools, libraries, and community centers with dedicated telecommunications services at below-market rates. 9

Technical Support

Keeping the computers and networks up and running is crucial to successful technology implementation. It is the district's responsibility to ensure that administrators, teachers, and students receive high-quality user and system support. As a benchmark standard, the Department recommends that, by the year 2003, there be at least one FTE (full-time equivalent) staff person to support 100-200 computers.

This standard appears modest, bearing in mind that, in a business environment, one full-time computer support person is generally provided for every 50-75 users. ¹⁰ Even if districts could afford that level of technical support, the business model may not be an appropriate one for schools to follow, since schools typically have much higher user-to-computer ratios. Yet, in education, as elsewhere, technology requires a support system that keeps the equipment working with minimal downtime.

The benchmark standard of one FTE (full-time equivalent) technical support person for 100-200 computers was based on an estimate of the needs of an average-size school. However, needs



⁸ For information on MassEd.Net, go to www.massed.net

⁹ For more information on MCN visit the Website, <u>www.masscommunity.net</u>

Taking TCO to the Classroom: A School Administrator's Guide to Planning for the Total Cost of New Technology, a 1999 white paper issued by the Consortium for School Networking http://www.cosn.org/tco/project_pubs.html

vary among districts and there may not be one simple formula that works for every district. In any case, it is important that districts should provide enough technical support to maintain the computers and networks installed. To meet the benchmark standard of five students for every computer, those computers must be up and running. If they are down 25% of the time, the district is not adequately maintaining a 5:1 ratio.

On the *Tech Plan Updates*, districts were asked to report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) network/technical support personnel including network (or system) manager (or coordinator) as well as maintenance and repair specialist. They were also asked to indicate whether these services were provided by district staff, contracted services, or other (volunteers, students, aides, and paraprofessionals). We used these data to calculate the average number of computers that are serviced by one FTE technical support personnel in each district. The statewide average is 1 FTE technical support person (district staff only) per 372 computers. When contracted services are added in, the number of computers serviced by one FTE technical support person is reduced slightly to 358. When "other" sources of technical support are included the number of computers serviced by one person is 319. Even when all the sources of technical support are considered, the number of computers maintained by one person is quite high.

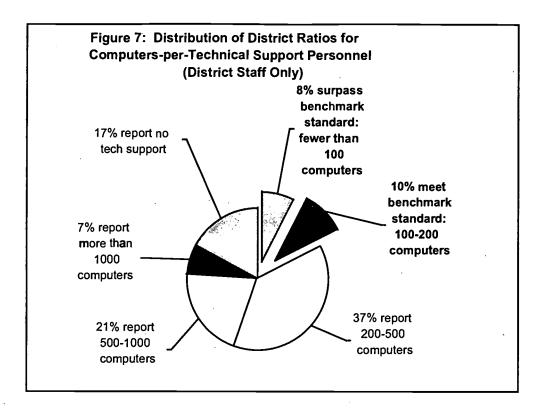
As shown in Figure 7, only 18% of districts have achieved or surpassed the benchmark standard of 1 FTE technical support for 100-200 computers. Twenty-eight percent reported over 500 computers serviced by 1 district FTE technical support, with another 17% reporting no district technical support personnel.

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¹¹ The ratios listed for each district at the end of this report include both district staff and contracted services.



Only a small number of districts reported using other sources (volunteers, students, aides, paraprofessionals) for technical support. However, a growing number of districts are discovering the benefits of programs in which students gain expertise as technical repair specialists and are hired by schools to provide supplementary technical support. One of the TLCF grant programs, Students as Technology Leaders¹², helps districts establish technology training programs to prepare high school students for leadership and educational achievement by helping them run computer enterprises that serve their schools and communities.

Technology Curriculum Integration

There are still many teachers who are not ready to use technology in their teaching because they have not had the time to explore resources or effective models for using technology in the classroom. This is perhaps the single most important area in which districts should focus their technology planning. As school districts design local curriculum guidelines to reflect the state learning standards, they should include the integration of technology into that curriculum. Hopefully in the future, all new teachers will graduate from college with the skills to integrate technology effectively into their teaching. However, this is not yet the case. It is not enough for teachers to take isolated technology training workshops or for students to learn applications



¹² For more information, see http://www.doe.mass.doe/edtech

outside the context of their coursework. Although it is important to build these basic skills, mastering them in isolation does not always translate into technology-enhanced curriculum learning.

More and more districts are discovering the importance of having a staff person with technology and curriculum expertise (such as an instructional technology specialist or library teacher). This expert collaborates with classroom teachers to help both teachers and students learn technology skills within the context of curriculum activities. Recommended in the benchmark standards for the year 2003 is a minimum of 0.5 FTE (one half-time staff person) to support every 30-60 users (professional staff) in their efforts to achieve technology competency and to integrate technology into the curriculum. In calculating the ratios for "number of staff per 0.5 FTE curriculum integration," we have used only the district staff FTE that districts reported for curriculum integration specialist. These ratios are drawn from data reported on the Baseline Data Collection Form¹⁴ for the 1999-2000 school year. Based on these data, the statewide average is 39.13 staff members supported by 0.5 FTE curriculum integration specialist. More than half the districts report that they have achieved or surpassed this benchmark standard.

However, this finding conflicts with anecdotal evidence to the contrary. We know that many districts are struggling to provide enough curriculum integration support to teachers. There is a possibility that this statewide average is inflated because of a general misunderstanding of how to report FTE for this function. The *Tech Plan Update* instructs districts to count only that portion of a staff person's time that is devoted to a respective technology task. For example, a library teacher who works full time should not be counted as 1 FTE curriculum integration if that person spends only 25% of his/her time providing technology curriculum integration support to staff and 75% of his/her time working with students. However, if a full-time instructional technology specialist is providing guidance and curriculum integration support to staff 100% of his/her time, then that person should be counted as 1 FTE. It is highly likely that many districts counted a full-time library teacher as 1 FTE, even though that person works with students a good portion of the time. In the future the *Tech Plan Update* will be revised to make this section clearer, resulting in more reliable data.

Even if our findings are correct, there are still many districts in which curriculum integration support is not sufficiently funded. Too often the curriculum integration role gets merged with technical support which in itself can be a time-consuming activity. If a technology specialist is charged with repair and maintenance, that person will not have much time left to assist teachers in integrating technology into curriculum projects.

Figure 8 summarizes the curriculum integration data gathered from districts for the 1999-2000 school year. Based on district reporting, 52% of districts meet or surpass the benchmark standard of 0.5 FTE curriculum integration per 30-60 professional staff. Thirty-six percent of the

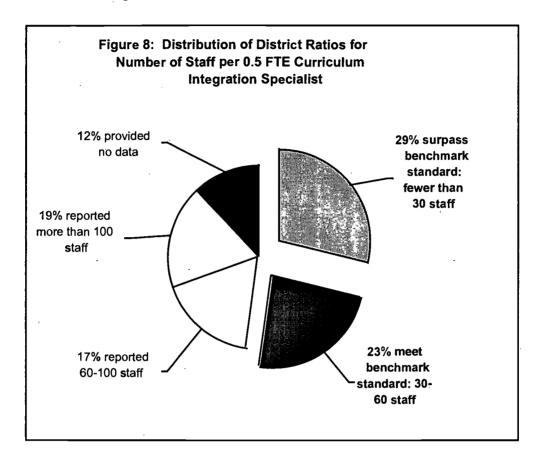
¹⁴ The Baseline Data Collection Form is one of the online forms in the *Tech Plan Update*.



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¹³ We have not included technology aides, tutors, and volunteers that some districts listed as district staff under Curriculum Integration Support.

districts fall short of the standard, reporting more than 60 staff. Another 12% of districts either have no curriculum integration staff or provided no data. Statistics for individual districts are listed at the end of this report.



The Department of Education offers a number of state and federally funded projects that help teachers integrate technology into the curriculum:

Project MEET (Massachusetts Empowering Educators with Technology) is a five year, \$10 million technology professional development initiative sponsored by the federal Technology Innovation Challenge Grant Program. Project MEET trains school-based teams of teachers in which one team member is designated as a technology professional development (TPD) specialist who commits 50% of his or her time to providing support to peers in the district.¹⁵

The Technology Literacy Challenge Fund (TLCF) grants have been made possible through a five-year, \$2 billion federal initiative that provides states with funds to support school districts.



¹⁵ For more information on Project MEET, go to http://www.doe.mass.edu/edtech/teacher/projectmeet/

Since 1997, the state has distributed over \$7 million annually to schools through these grants. ¹⁶ Federal regulations require states to distribute these funds through a competitive process. As a result, the Massachusetts TLCF grants are focused on catalyzing change in teaching and learning rather than supporting operations.

Teaching State Standards with Technology (TSST) is a competitive grant program funded by the state that provides matching grants to school districts and charter schools. The focus of this program is on adopting replicable practices in using technology to improve student achievement on curriculum aligned with the Massachusetts standards.¹⁷

Technology Professional Development

In order for technology to have a positive impact, teachers must know how to use it. One of the Department's goals is to ensure that, by 2003, at least 85% of district staff will have participated in technology training sponsored by the district.

On the *Tech Plan Update*, districts reported the percentage of district staff who have participated in technology professional development activities sponsored by the district since 1998. The statewide average so far is 61%.

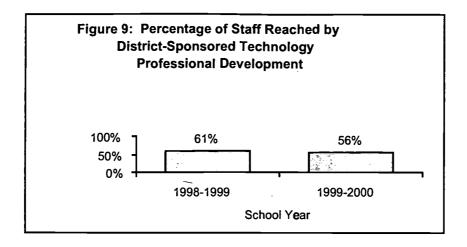
Figure 9 shows that during the 1999-2000 school year, 56% of district staff received technology professional development sponsored by the district. As compared to the previous year when 61% received training, this percentage has dropped considerably. A possible reason for this is that during 1998-1999 the state provided \$15 million in funding for technology professional development projects. Rather than lose momentum after state support runs out, districts should continue to fund ongoing professional development activities, which are so vital to successful technology implementation.

¹⁷ For information on this grant, go to: http://finance1.doe.mass.edu/grants/grants01/rfp/617.html

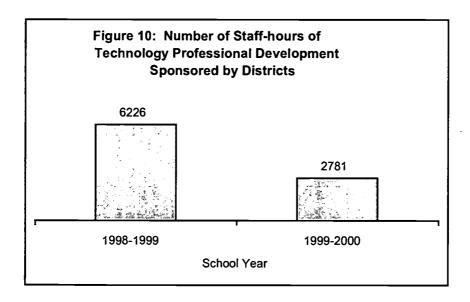


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¹⁶ For more information on the TLCF grant programs, visit our website at http://www.doe.mass.edu/edtech/broad.html



This drop is also evident in the statewide average for staff-hours of technology professional development activities, as seen in Figure 10. Districts were asked to include workshops, credit courses, mentoring, and study groups in their reporting. Staff-hours of informal training activities such as mentoring are difficult to count; however, we assumed that these were counted.



More than half of the districts (55.5%) reported that they provide informal types of technology professional development (such as coaching, mentoring, and co-teaching) that take place during class time. Among those districts, it was reported that 37% of staff members are reached by training activities in this manner.

Many of the TLCF grant programs address the issue of professional development and curriculum integration:



Curriculum Sharing via Virtual Education Space (VES) trains district staff to use the VES online tools, services, and resources so that they will be able to share curricular and instructional materials with other districts.

The Technology Lighthouse Sites disseminate existing classroom projects that incorporate new technologies with the state learning standards. The teachers who implemented these projects serve as mentors and their projects as models for other classrooms teachers.

The Technology Mentor and New Teacher grant helps districts to form mentoring teams composed of experienced, technology-using teachers and new teachers. The teams develop standards-based curriculum units that utilize portable technologies (e.g, writing tools, hand-held devices, projection systems).

Adopting Best Technology Practices is a grant through which schools obtain seed funding to adopt proven classroom practices and model professional development practices that integrate technology into the curriculum.

Access to the Internet Outside the School Day.

Not every student or teacher in Massachusetts has an Internet-connected computer at home. If they are going to keep pace with their peers they need access after school hours. Although the "digital divide" has been, for the most part, resolved in Massachusetts schools, it still exists in homes. This is a serious equity issue that should be addressed by districts.

It is important that districts work with community groups to ensure that students and staff have access to the Internet, which will enable them to work outside of the school day. This was established as one of the benchmark standards for the year 2003. Statewide, 31.2% of districts reported that they work with community groups on this issue.

The Department of Education further recommends that districts maintain a catalog of places in the community ("points of access") where students and staff can gain access to the Internet after school hours. Only 7.2% of districts reported that they have an up-to-date catalog of information on how students can gain access to the Internet after school hours.

A small percentage of districts (12.8%) reported that they are collecting data on the numbers of students who use the Internet after school hours. A simple needs assessment is a good first step in a long-term strategy to ensure universal access for students and teachers.

The benchmark standards recommend that each district maintain an up-to-date Web site and that every educator have an Internet account with the capability of sending e-mail and accessing the World Wide Web. Seventy-six percent of districts provided a URL for a district Web site on their *Tech Plan Updates*.



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Through MCN (Massachusetts Community Network) every municipality in Massachusetts will be able to connect schools, libraries, and community centers with cost-effective, high-speed networks. With MassEd.Net any teacher in the state can have low-cost Internet access. VES will provide every student, teacher, and parent with their own free, personalized electronic workspace, which they can access from any Internet-connected device. The stage is being set for a future in which access to instructional technology resources extends beyond the school walls. All students can benefit from these opportunities, but only if districts partner with community organizations to make it possible.

Technology for All Students

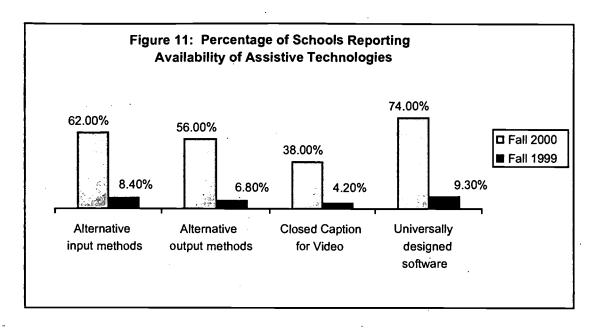
It is important that all students have equal access to the curriculum. Federal law mandates that assistive technologies be considered wherever appropriate for students with disabilities. A district's budget should allow schools to purchase equipment and software that facilitate access to technology for students and staff with disabilities. Examples include high-tech devices such as alternative keyboard and mouse, large screen monitor, Braille printer, closed captioned TV, voice recognition software, and screen reader, as well as low-tech aids which can be as simple as Velcro and a pencil grip.

Schools were asked to report on the assistive technologies currently available for use in the classroom by students with disabilities. Ninety-seven percent of schools in the state reported that they consider accessibility for students with disabilities when purchasing technology. Figure 11 summarizes the availability of certain assistive technologies in schools statewide. The data from this year show a dramatic increase over the previous year in the availability of assistive technologies. This gain may be attributed to increased awareness of the federal law as well as increased professional development opportunities and dissemination of information and resources among districts.



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¹⁸ Information on the Technology-Related Assistance for Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) can be found at http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSERS/IDEA/the law.html



Alternative Input Methods: Examples include modifications to standard keyboards, touch screens, microphones, and switches.

Alternative Output Methods: Examples include speech synthesizers, large print output, refreshable Braille, or text-to-text speech.

Closed Caption for Video: Provides written text of video programs for deaf and hard-of-hearing students.

Universally Designed Software: Software designed to accommodate access by all, including persons with disabilities.

A Technology Literacy Challenge Fund grant, the *Assistive Technology Project*, has been helping school districts and collaboratives learn how to conduct assistive technology assessments and design appropriate classroom environments using a wide array of technologies. Additionally, Project MEET¹⁹ works with teachers to educate them on issues of universal design. Many other organizations have been working across the state to spread information and expertise.



¹⁹ More information on Project MEET (Massachusetts Empowering Educators with Technology, a grant sponsored by the federal Technology Innovation Challenge Grant Program can be found at the Website: http://www.doe.mass.edu/edtech/

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

District Statistics from Tech Plan Updates

EdTech 2000

enrollment has increased, then this will be reflected in a larger number of students per computer. The ratios reported here are based on the districts for the 1999-2000 school year. Enrollment data for the current school year are not available at the time of this report. For the most accurate and current student computer ratios, districts should recalculate the ratios based on the current year's enrollment. If number of instructional computers reported in all categories: Types A, B, and C. The enrollment figures used were those reported by Student Computer Ratios: The ratio of students per Type A/B computer is based on the number of instructional computers of these types reported on the October 2000 individual school profile forms. The ratio of students per all types computers is based on the total data aggregated from the school profile forms. We advise districts to calculate a student computer ratio for each school to ensure equitable access across the entire district.

system Windows 95/98, Mac OS 7.6 or more recent. Type C computers were those with 8-16 Meg RAM and either Windows 3.1 or During the period these data were collected, Type A represented processors having at least 32-64 Meg RAM, with either Windows 95/98 or Mac Os8.x operating system. The Type B processor was defined as having at least 16-32 Meg RAM and the operating Mac OS 7.0 (or earlier versions).

schools on the school profile forms. Schools were asked to report the number of classrooms and the fastest Internet connection in each classroom. It is possible that a number of schools reported more than one type of connection in classrooms where more than one type exists. If this is the case, then the percentage reported here for those districts will be higher than the actual percentage of classrooms connected. Revisions will be made to the June 2001 Tech Plan Update to clarify the questions, resulting in more accurate statistics. Classrooms connected to Internet: The percentage of classrooms connected to the Internet is based on reporting by individual

Number of Computers per 1 FTE Tech Support: On the Baseline Data Collection Form, districts reported the number of FTE (fulltotal number of computers in the district (Types A, B, and C), used for instruction and administration, that were updated on the district numbers of FTE reported for district staff and contracted services during the 1999-2000 school year. The ratios are also based on the time equivalent) for network/technical support and maintenance and repair specialist. They reported numbers separately for district staff, contracted services, and other (volunteers, students, aides, paraprofessionals, etc.). The ratios reported here are based on the and school profiles in October 2000. To get a more accurate picture of technical support, districts should recalculate this ratio to accommodate any additional technical staff employed by the district at the beginning of the 2000-2001 school year.

Number of Staff per 0.5 Curriculum Integration: These ratios are based on the district staff FTE for curriculum integration

as 1 FTE curriculum integration if that person spends only 25% of his/her time providing technology curriculum integration support to the portion of time a person spends on that technology task. For example, a library teacher who works full time should not be counted Form. When districts reported FTE curriculum integration on the Baseline Data Collection Form, they were instructed to report only administrators, teachers, and support staff for the school year 1999-2000, as reported by the districts on the Baseline Data Collection districts need more curriculum integration support than they have been able to provide; however the statistics, as drawn from current aides, tutors, volunteers, etc.) were not used in these ratios. The total number of district staff used in calculating this ratio includes integration support to staff 100% of his/her time, then that person should be counted as 1 FTE. We know from anecdote that many eported by the districts on the Baseline Data Collection Form. Numbers reported for contracted services and "other" (technology <u>nighly likely that many districts misunderstood how to report FTE for curriculum integration, which has lead to inflated statistics.</u> staff and 75% of his/her time working with students. Likewise, if a full-time staff member is providing guidance and curriculum data, would lead one to think that many districts have achieved the benchmark standard for curriculum integration support. It is



District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
			computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
		(1999-2000) /		type access)	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
		total A and B	enrollment (18		district (as of last undate)	curriculum integration (all
-		computers (as of last	2000) / total all type computers	As of last update	/ Tech Support FTE	NOTE: FTE may have
		update)	(as of last update)		(1999-2000)	been overreported in some districts
Beverly	Jul-00	10.76	7.61	46	640.18	54.14
Billerica	Aug-00	19.91	12.18	42	282.50	18.00
Boston	Oct-00	5.29	4.54	22	532.00	250.00
Bourne	Oct-00	4.18	3.97	66	205.00	20.00
Boxborough	Oct-00	4.21	4.08	100	00.898	150.00
Boxford	Oct-00	4.69	3.67	100	1575.00	78.00
Boylston	Oct-00	2.14	2.14	100	63.33	15.00
Braintree	Oct-00	6.31	4.20	54	023.50	17.41
Brewster	Nov-00	5.75	4.23	100	826.92	94.17
Brimfield	Oct-00	5.07	5.07	100	23.00	25.00
Brockton	Oct-00	7.73	6.93	36	1381.00	334.50
Brookfield	Oct-00	3.99	3.99	100	91.00	27.00
Brookline	O-Inf	5.42	4.57	87	250.00	27.59
Burlington	Oct-00	4.59	3.70	100	345.00	14.88
Cambridge	Nov-00	4.97	3.88	97	622.25	39.77
Canton	Oct-00	2.70	2.85	100	265.25	25.00
Carlisle	Jul-00	15.13	5.39	20	430.00	31.67
Carver	Oct-00	7.60	6.56	100	380.00	53.50
Chatham	Oct-00	1.99	1.99	100	382.00	11.60
Chelmsford	Oct-00	3.02	2.83	88	496.75	38.89
Chelsea	Oct-00		4.92	98	418.00	29.36
Chicopee	Oct-00	7.01	6.28	86	291.20	9.32



108.50 24.00 101.25 25.38 100.00 130.00 16.00 43.33 31.70 95.00 35.22 90.00 20.33 92.42 60.83 0 FTE 26.50 235.00 38.00 16.12 curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) 184.00 Number of staff NOTE: FTE may have Total # staff / 0.5 FTE been overreported in per 0.5 FTE curriculum integration some districts Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000) 586.00 371.33 376.50 180.00 117.00 322.00 709.09 340.00 368.40 631.33 426.00 554.00 427.50 6470.00 850.00 227.50 454.89 100.00 100.00 315.15 FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted computers per Number of services) 66 100 100 100 <u> 100</u> 100 100 100 82 99 55 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percentage of connected to classrooms Internet (any As of last update type access) 7.59 4.32 5.31 4.89 4.45 5.48 7.43 8.46 4.28 5.28 4.78 5.76 6.93 2.15 4.05 6.07 8.11 (as of last update) 4.21 2.41 otal A and B enrollment (1999type computers 2000) / total all computers (types A, B, Ratio all types and C) Student 23.43 10.15 5.25 5.46 6.96 4.45 3.32 7.24 9.13 8.35 5.49 4.88 8.18 16.95 5.95 Date last |Ratio A/B 4.91 2.54 2.49 4.14 9.11 updated computer computers (1999-2000)enrollment (as of last Student update) Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 00-lnf Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Nov-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 **District Name** east Longmeadow ast Bridgewater asthampton Clarksburg Edgartown Jartmouth Cohasset Deerfield Eastham Concord **Janvers Jedham** Jouglas Sonway **Duxbury** Clinton =aston Everett Erving **Dracut** Jover **Essex**



			Katio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
			computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
		(1999-2000)	Student	ype access)	services) Total # computers in	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
		total A and B computers	enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all		district (as of last update)	data from 1999-2000)
		(as of last update)	type computers (as of last update)	As or last update	(1999-2000)	NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in
Fairhaven	Oct-00	66.9	6.23	100	201.50	22.13
Fall River	Oct-00	12.60	8.04	14	1154.00	434.67
Falmouth	Oct-00	11.63	7.64	22	194.12	58.09
Fitchburg	Oct-00	8.57	7.14	75	358.52	129.22
Florida	Oct-00	6.12	5.47	20	0	27.42
Foxborough	Oct-00	4.61	4.40	100	522.00	205.00
Framingham	Oct-00	7.81	6.77	85	253.67	35.53
Franklin	Oct-00	5.38	4.61	66	248.80	0
Freetown	Oct-00	11.02	8.36	93	45.00	35.50
Gardner	Oct-00	5.78	4.64	100	186.58	40.00
Georgetown	Oct-00	3.85	3.85	100	108.25	30.83
Gloucester	Oct-00	6.68	4.86	67	487.00	200.00
Gosnold	Aug-00	no data	no data	0	0	0
Grafton	Nov-00	9.60	5.75	81	363.33	20.80
Granby	Oct-00	8.01	7.38	100	450.00	35.71
Granville	Nov-00	4.00	3.32	100	0	17.00
Greenfield	Oct-00	10.44	7.44	80	196.00	162.27
Hadley	Oct-00	4.88	4.15	91	366.00	00.09
Halifax	Oct-00		12.66	98	187.50	29.50
Hancock	Oct-00	2.13	2.13	41	360.00	25.00
Hanover	Oct-00	3.93	3.33	100	431.50	24.00
Harvard	Oct-00	6.28	4.73	75	372.00	25.40



District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
			computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
		enrollment (1999-2000) /	Student	type access)	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
		total A and B	enrollment (1999-		l otal # computers in district (as of last update)	curriculum integration (all
		(as of last	type computers	As of last update	/ Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	NOTE: FTE may have been overrenorted in
		update)	(as of last update)			some districts
Harwich	Oct-00	6.32	5.41	82	60.609	470.00
Hatfield	Jul-00	4.32	4.32	100	218.33	10.21
Haverhill	Oct-00	9.63	5.10	25	487.75	41.85
Hingham	Oct-00	5.78	5.38	100	1002.86	27.27
Holbrook	Nov-00	23.07	5.12	100	0	20.75
Holland	Oct-00	6.63	4.84	100	02:00	42.00
Holliston	Oct-00	5.26	5.22	45	158.33	75.00
Holyoke	Oct-00	5.62	4.38	66	1928.00	30.95
Hopedale	Nov-00	5.69	5.41	100	1150	17.37
Hopkinton	Oct-00	5.68	5.02	100	198.67	41.67
Hudson	Oct-00	6.57	4.45	91	398.92	23.08
Hall	Oct-00	6.91	5.89	78	298.00	30.36
Ipswich	Oct-00	3.54	2.71	100	320.40	87.00
Kingston	Oct-00	4.48	4.39	100	730.00	42.00
Lakeville	Oct-00	5.32	4.75	92	86.50	43.00
Lanesborough	Oct-00	6.82	5.36	100	00.089	20.00
Lawrence	Oct-00	4.15	3.15	91	322.22	39.83
Lee	Oct-00	5.62	4.99	100	800.00	240.00
Leicester	Jul-00	7.30	7.10	26	231.54	485.00
Lenox	Oct-00	4.53	4.14	100	665.00	32.13
Leominster	Oct-00	9.18	8.52	35	632.50	57.14
Leverett	Oct-00	6.18	3.84	98	224.00	50.00



dn	ated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
		-	computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
A		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
***************************************		(1999-2000)	Student	type access)	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
***************************************		total A and B	enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all	,	district (as of last update)	curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000)
A		(as of last update)	type computers (as of last update)	As of last update	/ Iech Support FIE (1999-2000)	NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in
A	Oct-00	6.48	4.88	86	482.67	102.13
*	Oct-99	31.40	6.41	100	229.00	29.00
A	ct-00	4.99	4.53	52	231.33	0
	ct-00	7.29		9/	176.58	67.92
	Nov-00	5.81	3.93	66	827.00	15.81
	Nov-00	10.64	6.94	18	125.00	450.00
	Nov-00	8.99	7.02	09	1505.00	285.71
	Oct-00	5.93	4.92	65	618.00	26.02
	Oct-00	4.62	3.38	77	650.00	35.38
	00-un	1.25	1.25	62	1579.00	25.03
	Oct-99	6.42	4.54	100	460.00	78.00
	Oct-99	10.11	8.60	66	241.76	90.32
Marblehead	Oct-00	7.35	6.87	06	236.50	78.57
	Oct-00	7.11	6.49	89	180.00	00.88
Marlborough Oct	Oct-00	7.33	5.78	85	203.25	116.67
Marshfield Oct	Oct-00	20.49	14.28	35	53.86	18.75
Mashpee	Jul-00	4.43	4.21	100	573.00	15.93
Mattapoisett Oct	Oct-00	7.48	6.29	98	0	0
	Oct-00	8.45	6.48	100	120.87	97.27
Medfield Oct	Oct-00	8.57	6.71	100	232.00	29.67
Medford	Jun-00	12.00	7.33	45	565.63	1000.00
Medway	Oct-00	5.29	4.83	91	293.00	65.00

updated Oct-00 Ough Jul-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Nov-00 Aug-00 Oct-00		computers (types A, B, and C) Student enrollment (1999-	classrooms connected to	computers per 1 FTE tech support	per 0.5 FTE curriculum
ort-00 orough orough orough orough orough ord-00 or-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Aug-00 Aug-00 Oct-00	Student enrollment (1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update) (5.72 2.89 2.89 9.86 8.40	(types A, B, and C) Student enrollment (1999-			
ort-00 orough orough orough orough ord-00 or-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Aug-00 et	(1999-2000) / (otal A and B computers (as of last update) (5.72 2.89 2.93 9.86 9.86	Student enrollment (1999-	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
orough Oct-00 orough Jul-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Aug-00 et Nov-00	computers (as of last update) (5.72 2.89 2.93 9.86 8.40		type access)	services) Total # computers in	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all
ort-00 orough orough orough or-00 or-00 or-00 or-00 or-00 or-00 Oct-00 Aug-00 et	N 0 0 0 0	2000) / total all	As of last update	district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE	data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have
orough c	2.89 2.89 9.86 8.40	(as of last update)		(1999-2000)	been overreported in some districts
orough	2.89	5.07	02	330.00	
orough	9.86	2.82	100	758.67	72.70
et P	9.86	2.90	100	438.33	219.17
	8.40	6.55	53	0	49.00
et	000	7.56	20	1232.00	44.00
et	Ø.00	7.40	45	372.50	30.83
on It Sket	4.85	3.38	100	288.00	66.50
	12.73	8.39	2	530.00	200.00
	7.58	4.17	100	567.14	255.00
	8.85	3.97	100	75.00	no data
	6.57	5.10	100	149.74	27.50
	7.15	4.53	71	1096.00	78.13
ואבבתוושווו	6.13	5.27	100	499.00	
New Bedford Oct-00	6.20	4.79	99	680.40	76.25
Newburyport Oct-00	8.95	6.12	100	235.00	14.08
Newton Nov-00	9.54	6.14	20	760.00	20.98
Norfolk Oct-00	7.81	7.76	100	272.73	93.33
dams	9.30	7.36	69	197.65	0
Northampton Oct-00	6.97	5.75	100	585.00	122.50
North Andover Oct-00	4.86	3.22	100	576.40	64.29
North Attleborough Oct-00	3.72	3.38	73	443.33	225.00
Northborough Oct-00	4.26	3.80	100	118.60	122.50



District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
			computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
		(1999-2000) /		type access)	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
		total A and B computers	Ф.,	As of last undate	district (as of last update)	data from 1999-2000)
		(as of last update)	type computers (as of last update)		(1999-2000)	been overreported in some districts
Northbridge	Oct-00	5.82	4.79	93	283.00	41.00
North Brookfield	Jun-00	3.43	3.42	100	63.25	17.50
North Reading	Oct-00	11.47	8.24	47	222.50	19.43
Norton	Oct-00	5.79	4.31	100	773.00	34.38
Norwell	Oct-00	28.5	4.56	92	482.00	22.50
Norwood	Oct-00	5.85	5.65	100	750	114
Oak Bluffs	Oct-00	2.84	2.84	100	193.00	149.33
Orange	Oct-00	3.25	2.94	100	311.00	40.00
Orleans	Oct-00	5.88	5.88	100	380.00	12.00
Oxford	Oct-00	11.25	8.49	36	97.00	87.00
Palmer	Oct-00	5.52	5.38	100	154.33	43.33
Peabody	Oct-00	7.19	6.18	46	536.36	140.91
Pelham	Oct-00	4.48	4.19	22	366.67	27.68
Pembroke	Oct-00	8.73	7.59	100	279.00	0 FTE
Petersham	Oct-00	6.38	2.67	100	29.98	17.00
Pittsfield	Oct-00	5.72	4.78	66	396.00	230.00
Plainville	Oct-00	3.66	3.66	100	1125.00	100.00
Plymouth	Aug-00	3.17	3.04	100	1053.67	42.54
Plympton	Oct-00	5.46	4.98	100	340.00	18.00
Provincetown	Oct-00	1.71	1.61	100	200.00	175.00
Quincy	Oct-00	10.76	6.17	100	1141.33	260.00
Randolph	Oct-00	6.21	5.35	91	574.67	41.50



36.43 20.45 92.25 20.65 36.00 122.69 28.55 76.00 30.00 30.00 28.00 25.00 16.00 70.00 39.00 130.00 34.07 curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) Number of staff NOTE: FTE may have Total # staff / 0.5 FTE been overreported in per 0.5 FTE curriculum integration some districts Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000) 228.00 70.00 210.00 268.70 584.75 400 786.67 694.00 1725.00 1147.69 345.29 177.41 302.27 605.00 300.00 325.12 679.00 FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted computers per Number of services) 100 63 89 56 80 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 94 100 100 100 100 Percentage of 37 connected to classrooms nternet (any As of last update type access) 4.19 5.62 |2.99|3.83 4.74 0.855.74 6.46 5.30 8.09 3.69 4.84 7.25 5.78 4.40 3.51 4.07 6.21 5.07 (as of last update) 3.97 8.27 otal A and B enrollment (1999 type computers 2000) / total all computers (types A, B, Ratio all Student types and C) 5.75 5.74 7.05 5.16 5.89 5.12 8.92 6.34 15.66 4.33 9.04 4.60 Date last |Ratio A/B 6.11 5.01 4.31 1.11 6.61 4.97 8.41 36.69 4.53 computer computers (as of last update) (1999-2000)enrollment Student Oct-99 Aug-00 Oct-00 Aug-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 updated Oct-00 Nov-00 Nov-00 Oct-00 District Name Southborough Southampton Shrewsbury Shutesbury Somerville Richmond Rochester Rockland Sandwich Somerset Rockport Sherborn Seekonk Reading Scituate Saugus Revere Sharon Salem Shirley Savoy Rowe



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classrooms connected to Internet (any type access) As of last update As of last update As of last update 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
Student emoliment computers Student computers Comp		updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
Student and C				computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
1999-2000 Student Computers Compu			Student	(types A, B, and C)	Internet (any type access)	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
computers comp			(1999-2000)	Student	(22222 24 f	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
computers (as of last update) and update) computers (as of last update) (as of last update) As of last update (as of last update) (as of last update) Pridge Jun-00 5.71 4.59 100 Hadley Oct-00 7.86 6.86 70 Itel Oct-00 7.86 6.86 70 Iden Oct-00 7.30 5.41 100 Iden Oct-00 7.30 5.41 100 Iden Oct-00 3.29 3.20 100 Inand Oct-00 5.49 4.58 100 Iden Oct-00 5.49 5.23 70 Inand Oct-00 6.52 5.40 4.3 Inand Oct-00 6.54 4.47 4.3 Inand Oct-00 6.16 4.47 4.3 Inand Oct-00 6.16 4.72 4.72 70 Inand Oct-00 6.25 5.55 100 Inand Oct-00 8.04 6.71			total A and B	enrollment (1999-		district (as of last undate)	curriculum integration (all
virige Jun-00 5.71 4.59 100 Hadley 0ct-00 1.04 8.36 4.3 Hadley 0ct-00 1.04 8.36 4.3 field 0ct-00 5.08 4.30 4.3 field 0ct-00 7.86 6.86 70 nton 0ct-00 7.86 6.86 70 dge 0ct-00 3.00 2.81 100 nd 0ct-00 3.29 3.20 100 nd 0ct-00 6.04 4.58 100 scott 0ct-00 6.04 4.58 100 scott 0ct-00 6.52 5.40 5.0 scott 0ct-00 6.52 5.40 5.0 sld 0ct-00 6.16 4.72 4.72 100 sld 0ct-00 8.44 5.07 76 sleld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 76 sl 0ct-00 6.61 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>computers (as of last</td> <td>type computers</td> <td>As of last update</td> <td>/ Tech Support FTE</td> <td>NOTE: FTE may have</td>			computers (as of last	type computers	As of last update	/ Tech Support FTE	NOTE: FTE may have
Hadley Jun-00 5.71 4.59 1 Hadley Oct-00 11.04 8.36 1 Iteld Oct-00 5.08 4.30 1 Iteld Oct-00 7.86 6.86 1 Iteld Oct-00 7.30 5.41 1 Idand Oct-00 3.29 3.20 1 Igand Oct-00 5.49 5.24 1 Igand Oct-00 5.49 5.23 1 Igand Oct-00 6.54 5.46 1 In Oct-00 6.52 5.40 1 In Oct-00 6.16 4.47 1 In Oct-00 6.16 4.72 1 In Oct-00 6.55 5.55 1 In Oct-00 8.04 6.71 1 In Oct-00 6.55 5.42 1 In Oct-00 6.61 6.61 6.71			update)	(as of last update)		(0002-6661)	been overreported in some districts
Hadley Oct-00 11.04 8.36 field Oct-00 5.08 4.30 iam Oct-00 7.86 6.86 iton Oct-00 3.00 2.81 1 dge Oct-00 3.29 3.20 1 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 1 rland Jul-00 2.50 2.46 1 scott Oct-00 6.52 5.40 1 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 1 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 1 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 1 ld Oct-00 3.31 3.31 1 sld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 1 sld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 9 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 1 eld Oct-00 8.04 6.71 1 eld Oct-00 <	Southbridge	Jun-00		4.59	100	0	17.81
field Oct-00 5.08 4.30 nam Oct-00 7.86 6.86 nton Oct-00 3.00 2.81 1 dge Oct-00 3.29 3.20 1 rland Oct-00 3.29 3.20 1 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 1 scott Oct-00 6.50 2.46 1 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 1 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 1 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 1 ld Oct-00 6.16 4.47 1 ld Oct-00 6.16 4.72 1 sid Oct-00 6.55 5.55 1 sorough Oct-00 8.04 6.71 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 1 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 1 e Oct-	South Hadley	Oct-00	11.04	8.36	83	337.00	63.80
nam Oct-00 7.86 6.86 Iton Oct-00 3.00 2.81 dge Oct-00 7.30 5.41 ry Oct-00 3.29 3.20 ry Oct-00 6.04 4.58 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 scott Oct-00 5.49 5.23 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 sld Oct-00 3.35 3.25 bury Oct-00 4.72 4.72 sld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 seld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 eld Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 6.61 5.43	Springfield	Oct-00			43	701.20	56.11
titon Oct-00 3.00 2.81 dge Oct-00 7.30 5.41 ry Oct-00 3.29 3.20 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 sscott Oct-00 5.49 5.23 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 sld Oct-00 3.31 3.31 sld Oct-00 5.55 5.55 sorough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 eld Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 6.61 5.43	Stoneham	Oct-00			20	2540.00	62.50
dge Oct-00 7.30 5.41 rland Oct-00 3.29 3.20 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 sea Jul-00 2.50 2.46 scott Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 6.16 4.47 n Oct-00 3.31 3.25 bury Oct-00 4.72 4.72 sld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 se Oct-00 8.44 5.07 seld Nov-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 eld Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 16.51 5.43	Stoughton	Oct-00			100	1582.00	61.40
ry Oct-00 3.29 3.20 rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 Jul-00 2.50 2.46 sea Oct-00 6.52 5.40 ea Oct-00 6.52 5.40 In Oct-00 6.16 4.47 burry Oct-00 6.16 4.72 burry Oct-00 8.331 3.31 sld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 spe Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 eld Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Sturbridge	Oct-00			100	162.00	26.75
rland Oct-00 6.04 4.58 Jul-00 2.50 2.46 Secott 0ct-00 5.49 5.23 ea Oct-00 6.52 5.40 In Oct-00 6.16 4.47 In Oct-00 3.31 3.31 Id Oct-00 4.72 4.72 Id Oct-00 8.44 5.07 Se Oct-00 8.44 5.07 Se Oct-00 8.04 6.71 ield Nov-00 9.36 5.42 ield Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 im Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Sudbury	Oct-00			100	744.00	156.00
Secott Jul-00 2.50 2.46 ea Oct-00 6.52 5.23 n Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 3.35 3.25 bury Oct-00 6.16 4.47 / Oct-00 3.31 3.31 sld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 sld Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 e Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 im Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Sunderland	Oct-00			100	440.00	112.50
oscott Oct-00 5.49 5.23 ea Oct-00 6.52 5.40 n Oct-00 3.35 3.25 n Oct-0 6.16 4.47 / Oct-0 3.31 3.31 sld Oct-0 4.72 4.72 sld Oct-0 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-0 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-0 9.36 5.42 eld Oct-0 16.31 8.15 e Oct-0 6.61 5.43 im Oct-0 7.84	Sutton	Jul-00			100	365.00	46.33
ea Oct-00 6.52 5.40 In Oct-00 3.35 3.25 burly Oct-00 6.16 4.47 / Oct-00 3.31 3.31 sld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 oorough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 e Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Swampscott	Oct-00		5.23	20	0	31.56
bury Oct-00 3.35 3.25 bury Oct-00 6.16 4.47 / Oct-00 3.31 3.31 sld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 e Oct-00 16.31 8.15 m Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Swansea	Oct-00	•	5.40	50	232.50	72.00
bury Oct-00 6.16 4.47 / Oct-00 3.31 3.31 eld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 oct-00 5.55 5.55 oorough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Taunton	Oct-00			66	1980.00	16.44
/ Oct-00 3.31 3.31 eld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 oct-00 5.55 5.55 orough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 e Oct-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Tewksbury	Oct-00			43	878.33	80.79
eld Oct-00 4.72 4.72 oct-00 5.55 5.55 sorough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 cot-00 16.31 8.15 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Tisbury	Oct-00			100	89.00	20.84
Oct-00 5.55 5.55 1 Sorough Oct-00 8.44 5.07 Se Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 Oct-00 16.31 8.15 1 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 m Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Topsfield	Oct-00			100	0	76.67
Socondh Oct-00 8.44 5.07 Se Oct-00 8.04 6.71 Seld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 In Oct-00 16.31 8.15 1 Section Oct-00 6.61 5.43 1 Section Oct-00 10.50 7.84 1	Truro	Oct-00		5.55	100	0	19.00
ge Oct-00 8.04 6.71 eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 Oct-00 16.31 8.15 1 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 im Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Tyngsborough	Oct-00	ω	5.07	71	0	24.10
eld Nov-00 9.36 5.42 Oct-00 16.31 8.15 1 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 Im Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Uxbridge	Oct-00		6.71	36	382.00	530.00
e Oct-00 16.31 8.15 1 e Oct-00 6.61 5.43 Im Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Wakefield	Nov-00	9.36	5.42	92	755.00	62.50
Oct-00 6.61 5.43 Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Wales	Oct-00	16	8.15	100	32.00	23.00
Oct-00 10.50 7.84	Walpole	Oct-00		5.43	25	167.60	78.70
	Waitham	Oct-00		7.84	35	295.00	26.02

87.14 27.78 55.00 13.13 75.00 15.38 42.50 53.60 18.28 60.50 51.10 78.13 24.24 18.75 123.64 86.00 67.67 625.00 curriculum integration (all Number of staff Total # staff / 0.5 FTE NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in data from 1999-2000) per 0.5 FTE curriculum integration some districts Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE 462.50 423.50 426.00 308.00 193.33 402.50 129.78 936.00 220.00 796.67 335.00 400.00 610.00 303.80 301.20 451.00 910.00 610.67 420.00 284.21 FTE tech support computers per 1 (provided by district staff and contracted Number of (1999-2000) services) 100 100 <u>100</u> 0 100 100 100 100 48 100 92 100 100 <u>0</u> 100 100 Percentage of connected to classrooms Internet (any As of last update type access) 5.18 4.18 4.73 3.64 5.50 16.27 3.67 4.34 5.31 13.28 6.57 6.54 2.51 5.01 6.00 5.93 4.03 3.08 5.974.62 (as of last update) total A and B enrollment (1999-2000) / total all type computers computers (types A, B, Ratio all types and C) Student 4.19 13.28 7.05 4.03 4.75 6.12 6.50 4.55 6.64 5.05 7.14 6.43 69.9 12.17 4.72 Ratio A/B 23.38 4.37 computer 2.87 5.97 (1999-2000)computers enrollment (as of last Student update) Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-99 Oct-99 Date last Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Jul-00 Nov-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Nov-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 updated **District Name Nest Springfield** N. Bridgewater **Nest Boylston Nesthampton Nestborough** Williamstown Williamsburg Wilmington Natertown **Neymouth** Vestwood Nareham **Nellesley** Nestfield **Nestford Nestport** Nayland **Nebster** Velifleet Whately Weston



District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
		<u>.</u>	computers	connected to	FTE tech support	curriculum
		Student	(types A, B,	Internet (any	(provided by district staff and contracted	integration
		(1999-2000) /	Student	type access)	services)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
-		total A and B	enrollment (1999-		Total # computers in	curriculum integration (all
		computers (as of last	2000) / total all type computers	As of last update	/ Tech Support FTE	data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have
		update)	(as of last update)		(1999-2000)	been overreported in some districts
Winchendon	Oct-00	6.05	5.64	100	0	41.67
Winchester	Aug-00	13.80	68.6	69	170.22	13.83
Winthrop	Oct-00	10.43	9.50	84	277.00	0
Woburn	Oct-00	9.87	6.79	63	3132.00	83.67
Worcester	Jul-00	4.15	3.80	66	588.25	15.10
Wrentham	Oct-00	2.51	2.51	100	330.67	23.17
Institutional Schools	Oct-00	0.00	00.00	26	0	31.43
Northampton-Smith	Nov-00	4.49	3.00	100	0	35.50
Academy Of Pacific Rim CS	Oct-00	4.70	4.70	100	83.33	75.00
Benjamin Banneker CS	Oct-00	2.46	2.46	100	155.00	27.00
Barnstable Grd 5 HMCS	Oct-00	5.75	4.06	100	118.00	41.00
Boston Evening Acad HMCS	Oct-99	no data	no data	0	0	no data
Cape Cod Lighthouse CS	Nov-00	3.78	3.70	100	183.33	37.50
Champion HMCS	Oct-99	no data	no data	0	0	no data
Chelmsford Alliance/Ed CS	Oct-00	6.50	6.50	100	0	13.00
City On A Hill CS	Oct-00	2.52	2.34	100	0	165.00



District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
		Student	computers (types A, B,	connected to Internet (any type access)	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted	curriculum integration
		(1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)		As of last update	services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Conservatory Lab CS	Oct-99 n	no data	no data	0	0	no data
Community Day CS	Oct-00	6.52	4.30	100	162.86	70.00
Sabis International	Oct-00	18.72	18.42	2	227.50	675.00
Frederick Douglass CS	Oct-00	00.00	00.00	0	0	no data
Neighborhood House CS	Oct-00	5.11	5.11	80	40.00	45.00
Abby Kelley Foster Reg CS	Nov-00	16.82	16.82	100	0	35.50
Sabis Foxboro Reg'l CS	Oct-00	no data	12.96	8	120.00	40.00
Benjamin Franklin CS	Oct-00	13.92	13.92	100	00.89	0
S.Boston Harbor Acad CS	Oct-00	4.00	4.00	15	1533.33	0
Hilltown CS	Oct-00	8.38	7.79	0	180.00	110.00
Robert M. Hughes CS	Oct-99	no data	no data	0	0	no data
Health Careers Acad HMCS	Oct-99	no data	no data	0	0	no data



District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
		Student enrollment	computers (types A, B, and C)	connected to Internet (any type access)	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted services)	curriculum integration
		total A and B computers (as of last update)	enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all type computers (as of last update)	As of last update	Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Lawrence Family Dev CS	Oct-00	13.84	7.66	100	328.00	4.50
Lowell Community CS	Oct-00	no data	no data	0	0	0
Lowell Middlesex Academy CS	Nov-00	11.11	11.11	0	750.00	0
Lynn Community CS	Nov-00	no data	114.50	0	0	0
Marblehead Community CS	00-unf	2.98	2.98	100	160.25	14.00
Martha's Vineyard CS	Oct-00	5.04	4.15	100	126.67	62.50
Ma Academy Math & Science	00-lnC	4.33	2.00	100	540.00	13.00
Media & Tech CS	Oct-00	0.00	00.0	0	0	0
Mystic Valley Adv Reg CS	Oct-00	15.90	15.90	100	0	27.50
New Leadership HMCS	00-Inf	5.27	5.27	0	82.00	0
North Star Academy CS	Oct-99	9.30	9.30	20	400.00	0
Francis W Parker CS	A u g-00	9.35	9.35	100	70.00	0

District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
		Student	computers (types A, B,	connected to	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted	curriculum integration
		(1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)	enro 200 typ (as o	As of last update	services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Pioneer Valley Perf Arts CS	Oct-00	11.04	11.04	45	64.00	
Boston Renaissance CS	Oct-00	3.59	3.59	100	567.00	0.50
River Valley CS	Oct-00	11.36	11.36	100	0	0
Rising Tide CS	Oct-00	5.38	5.38	100	4500.00	0
Roxbury Preparatory CS	Oct-00	3.29	3.29	100	538.46	0
Seven Hills CS	Oct-00	1.36	1.21	100	307.50	41.00
Somerville CS	Oct-00	9.49	9.36	3	45.00	0
South Shore CS	Jul-00	4.53	3.77	100	340.63	71.43
Sturgis CS	N/A	no data	no data	no data	no data	no data
Atlantis CS	Oct-99	12.16	12.16	0	0	0
Acton-Boxborough RSD	Oct-00	5.13	3.99	100	433.33	74.50
Adams-Cheshire RSD	Oct-00	8.04	6:28	98	329.13	134.50
Amherst-Pelham RSD	Oct-00	4.86	4.71	100	510.00	116.54



District Name	Date last	Ratio A/B	Ratio all	Percentage of	Number of	Number of staff
	updated	computer	types	classrooms	computers per 1	per 0.5 FTE
		Student	computers (types A, B, and C)	connected to Internet (any type access)	FIE tecn support (provided by district staff and contracted	curriculum integration
·		(1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)	Student enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all type computers (as of last update)	As of last update	services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in como districts
Ashburnham- Westminster RSD	Oct-00	6:39	6.33	88	356.00	112.00
Athol-Royalston RSD	Oct-00	3.28	3.20	73	1018.67	99.50
Berkshire Hills RSD	Oct-00	5.29	4.95	62	258.67	102.27
Berlin-Boylston RSD	Oct-00	8.33	4.58	24	36.33	8.33
Blackstone-Millville RSD	00-12O	09.9	6.28	100	211.50	84.75
Bridgewater-Raynham RSD	Oct-00	9.35	6.84	62	464.00	93.75
Chesterfield-Goshen RSD	Nov-00	3.90	3.90	100	0	16.00
Central Berkshire RSD	Oct-00	9.02	6.37	71	884.00	83.50
Concord-Carlisle RSD	Oct-00	50.5	4.32	40	190.00	0
Dennis-Yarmouth RSD	Oct-00	8.56	2.67	100	820.00	33.45
Dighton-Rehoboth RSD	Oct-00	5.14	4.82	100	734.00	80.40
Dover-Sherborn RSD	Oct-00	5.65	4.63	100	143.00	38.00

District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
	•	Student	computers (types A, B,	connected to Internet (any	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted	curriculum integration
- ,		(1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)	enro 200 typ (as c	As of last update	services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Oudley-Charlton RSD	Nov-00	5.30	4.69	100	827.00	20.86
Nauset RSD	Oct-00	4.71	4.03	86	1222.50	15.86
Farmington River RSD	Oct-00	3.31	3.31	100	260.00	21.11
Freetown-Lakeville RSD	Oct-99	7.55	6.13	11	83.75	50.50
Frontier RSD	Oct-00	1.86	1.83	100	350.00	42.00
Gateway RSD	Oct-00	7.18	5.77	48	309.00	75
Groton-Dunstable RSD	Oct-00	9.04	5.44	84	278.00	56.17
Gill-Montague RSD	Oct-00	6.04	5.24	100	113.00	50.33
Hamilton-Wenham RSD	Oct-00	4.19	2.99	80	720.00	40.91
Hampden-Wilbraham RSD	Jun-00	6.29	5.20	100	298.80	186.15
Hampshire RSD	Nov-00	3.97	3.44	100	272.00	23.00
Hawlemont RSD	Oct-00	4.31	4.08	82	200.00	0
King Philip RSD	Nov-00	4.83	4.17	100	2215.00	0
Lincoln-Sudbury RSD	Oct-00	5.98	4.60	8	252.00	00.06



District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms		Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
		Student enrollment (1999-2000) /	(types A, B, and C)	connected to Internet (any type access)	rictecn support (provided by district staff and contracted services) Total # computers in	curriculum integration Total # staff / 0.5 FTE
		total A and B computers (as of last update)	enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all type computers (as of last update)	As of last update	district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Manchester Essex RSD	Nov-00	5.45	4.83	100	594.00	78.00
Marthas Vineyard RSD	Oct-00	2.55	2.36	100	213.71	101.82
Masconomet RSD	Oct-00	5.28	5.18	60	113.43	16.43
Mendon-Upton RSD	Oct-00	4.68	4.24	100	514.00	110.00
Mount Greylock RSD	Oct-00	5.49	5.49	100	174.00	190.00
Mohawk Trail RSD	Oct-00	4.46	3.48		1412.50	0
Narragansett RSD	Oct-00	5.54	5.26	78	458.57	355.00
Nashoba RSD	Nov-00	4.53	3.81	100	0	25.00
New Salem-Wendell RSD	Oct-00	13.07	6.78	100	150.00	50.00
Northboro-Southboro RSD	Oct-00	3.73	3.51	100	202.00	695.00
North Middlesex RSD	Oct-00	06.90	5.50	97	428.00	28.33
Old Rochester RSD	Oct-00	8.38	6.33	16	232.00	0
Pentucket RSD	Nov-00	7.52	4.75	100	404.00	75.68
Pioneer Valley RSD	Nov-00	8.30	5.84	52	0	18.25
Quabbin RSD	Oct-00	10.21	8.14	50	445.00	36.50
Ralph C Mahar RSD	Oct-00	6.21	4.93	94	228.75	183.33



28.08 82.50 46.88 58.25 23.75 10.63 23.00 50.00 61.00 28.67 24.17 156.67 562.50 37.17 curriculum integration (all Number of staff Total # staff / 0.5 FTE NOTE: FTE may have data from 1999-2000) been overreported in per 0.5 FTE integration curriculum some districts 491.33 934.00 424.00 345.00 204.00 237.00 454.00 623.00 480.00 763.67 476.00 940.50 571.00 Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted computers per Number of (1999-2000)services) 100 93 100 100 100 100 100 35 100 80 97 57 Percentage of connected to classrooms Internet (any As of last update type access) 10.95 5.33 5.16 3.15 5.42 2.54 2.66 2.71 3.62 3.17 2.40 1.61 3.91 (as of last update) enrollment (1999-2000) / total all type computers computers (types A, B, Ratio all types and C) Student 7.40 total A and B 6.25 3.05 16.10 4.59 6.50 7.90 3.40 3.33 2.84 4.17 1.62 3.31 Ratio A/B computer 1999-2000) (as of last update) computers enrollment Student Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Oct-00 Jul-00 Oct-00 Date last updated Southern Berkshire RSD Southwick-Tolland RSD Whitman-Hanson RSD Blackstone Valley Voc Spencer-E Brookfield **Bristol-Plymouth Voc District Name** Blue Hills Voc Tech Silver Lake RSD antasqua RSD Wachusett RSD Jp-Island RSD Quaboag RSD Assabet Valley riton RSD Voc Tech RSD **Tech** Tech



District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
	٠.	Student	computers (types A, B,	connected to Internet (any	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted	curriculum integration
		(1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)	Student enrollment (1999-2000) / total all type computers (as of last update)	As of last update	services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
Cape Cod Region Voc Tech	Oct-00	2.36	2.20	100	501.52	120.00
Franklin County Tech	Oct-00	2.28	1.53	100	704.00	495.00
Greater Fall River RVT	Oct-00	2.18	2.10	100	0	0
Greater Lawrence RVT	Oct-00	3.16	2.56	45	0,	62.78
Greater New Bedford Voc Tech	Nov-00	3.77	3.62	100	286.50	39.17
Greater Lowell Voc Tec	Oct-00	3.03	3.03	100	237.67	116.00
So Middlesex RVT	Oct-00	2.60	2.53	53	475.71	153.00
Minute Man Voc Tech	Oct-00	2.48	1.95	66	1350.00	130.00
Montachusett Voc Tech	Oct-00	3.00	2.29	100	306.86	76.50
Northern Berkshire Voc	Oct-00	1.72	1.72	100	00.069	91.67
Nashoba Valley Tech	Oct-00	7.20	2.95	100	520.00	44.50
Northeast Metro Voc	Oct-00	4.08	4.08	4	172.00	102.50



District Name	Date last updated	Ratio A/B computer	Ratio all types	Percentage of classrooms	Number of computers per 1	Number of staff per 0.5 FTE
		Student enrollment (1999-2000) / total A and B computers (as of last update)	computers (types A, B, and C) Student enrollment (1999- 2000) / total all type computers (as of last update)	connected to Internet (any type access) As of last update	FTE tech support (provided by district staff and contracted services) Total # computers in district (as of last update) / Tech Support FTE (1999-2000)	curriculum integration Total # staff / 0.5 FTE curriculum integration (all data from 1999-2000) NOTE: FTE may have been overreported in some districts
North Shore Reg Voc Tech	Oct-00	3.28	3.04	100	164.00	19.25
Old Colony Reg Voc Tech	Oct-00	3.15	2.94	100	816.00	75.00
Pathfinder Voc Tech	Oct-00	3.20	3.20	100	2.69	1.75
Shawsheen Valley Voc Tech	Oct-00	2.66	2.20	100	97.83	10.00
Southeastern Reg Voc Tech	Aug-00	2.99	2.99	100	483.00	29.20
South Shore Reg Voc Tech	Oct-00	3.99	3.35	32	223.75	21.80
Southern Worcester Cty Voc Tech	Oct-00	4.70	4.28	85	91.00	36.25
Tri County	Jul-00	1.96	1.90	100	718.18	32.50
Upper Cape Cod Voc Tech	00-Inf	2.50	2.17	100	223.20	10.75
Whitter Voc	Oct-00	2.27	2.17	100	234.55	26.75
Bristol Cty Agri	Oct-00	12.31	12.31	0	270.00	30.00
Essex Agri Tech	Oct-00	4.16	2.78	84	132.00	74.00
Norfolk County Agri	Nov-00	6.07	6.07	က	104.00	18.00
AVERAGE		2.60	4.70	0.79	357.87	39.13





Massachusetts Department of Education

This document was prepared by the Massachusetts Department of Education Dr. David P. Driscoll, Commissioner of Education

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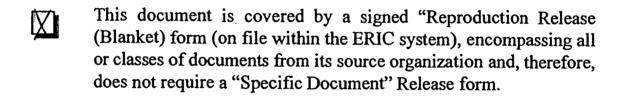
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